

UK POOL STORE FILTER PUMP PACK INSTRUCTIONS



Available in the following Sizes:

UKPS16 – 16" Diameter Sand Filter & 0.5 Horse Power Pump – 6,000 Litres/Hour UKPS19 – 19" Diameter Sand Filter & 0.75 Horse Power Pump – 9,000 Litres/Hour UKPS24 – 24" Diameter Sand Filter & 1.0 Horse Power Pump – 11,400 Litres/Hour

SAND FILTER SYSTEM

SAFETY INFORMATION

- 1. The sand filters are designed to work with water at temperatures above 0°C and below 45°C. The filter should never be operated outside of these temperatures or damage may occur.
- 2. The installation should be carried out in accordance with the safety instructions for swimming pools and the specific instructions for each facility.
- 3. The user must ensure sure that the installation is carried out by qualified authorised personnel and that all instructions are carefully read and followed. Incorrectly installed equipment may fail, causing severe injury or property damage.

- 4. The safe operation of the filter is only guaranteed if the installation and operation instructions are correctly followed.
- 5. To reduce the risk of injury, do not permit children to use this product.
- 6. Chemical spills and fumes can weaken your Swimming Pool or Spa, cause corrosion to filters and other equipment failure, resulting in severe injury or property damage. Do not store pool chemicals near your equipment.
- 7. Any modification of the filter requires the prior consent from the supplier and original replacement parts and accessories authorised by the manufacturer, to ensure a high level of safety.

Sand Filtration working principle

Incoming water from the swimming pool piping system is automatically directed by the Multiport Valve to the top of the filter bed and filtered out. The filtered water is returned from the bottom of the filter tank, through the Multiport Valve and back through the swimming pool piping system.

Preparation before installation

- 1. Position the filter as close to the Swimming Pool/Spa as possible.
- 2. The filter should be placed on a level concrete slab, very firm ground or the equivalent. Ensure that the ground will not subside, preventing any strain on the attached plumbing.
- 3. Position the filter so that it does not compromise the piping connections, ensuring convenient operation and servicing.
- 4. Ensure that the compliance label is facing the front to allow easy identification in the case of service difficulties.

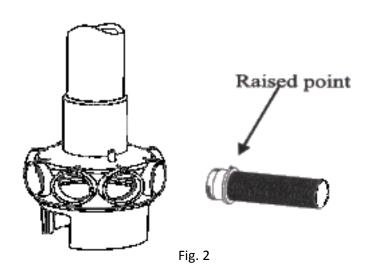
INSTALLATION OF FILTER TANK

1. Place the filter tank on the base, locate the two front lugs at the foot of the filter into the base first, then lower the filter flat onto the back of the base. Then simply twist the tank clockwise to locate the four lugs fully home into the base slots (see fig 1.) If installed correctly you should not be able to lift the tank off the base at this point. Please ensure you position the outlet drain plug so that it is facing front and centre for ease of operation.



Fig. 1

2. Before filling the filter vessel with the filter media, install the laterals, this has to be done from inside the tank as the assembly cannot be built outside of the filter. simply match the raised point at the end of each lateral (see fig 2.) to the raised point on the lateral hub. Insert the laterals and turn 90° clockwise, you should hear the lateral click into place. Repeat until all laterals are fitted.



- 3. Check the air release hose is fixed securely onto the body of the lateral holder with the other end out of the sand **DO NOT** bury the air release hose in the sand, it must be free to sit on top of the final filled level.
- 4. To eliminate stress during the sand filling on the laterals, fill the filter vessel with enough water to provide a cushioning effect when the filter sand is poured in (12").
- 5. In the packaging you will find a flimsy clear sand filling 'Top Hat'. This is vital in ensuring the filters internal pipe is perfectly located & central before filling with sand. The 'Top Hat' will prevent any sand from dropping into the centre pipe, it is a clear indication that the centre pipe is fully down into the filter.
- 6. Carefully pour the sand into the filter vessel. Ensure that no sand enters the stem pipe and that no damage occurs to the laterals. Continue filling the filter until the correct charge has been installed (see chart for sand fill charges).
- 7. Remove the 'Top Hat' and wash any debris off the filter top mount, put the O Ring on the top mount multiport valve and with a twisting pushing action fit the valve onto the filter centre pipe until fully home. Assemble to two half flanges together to connect the filters top lid and multiport flanges within the clamp and lightly tighten equally. Do not fully tighten until you are satisfied that the multiport is in the correct alignment to ensure a straight connection to the pump.
- 8. Using screws from the pump hardware pack fix the pump to the base. Please refer to pump installation guide for operating instructions.
- 9. Adjust the valve position and using the white pressure hose(ensuring you fit the 'O' rings), connect the pump output to the top mount valve. ("TO PUMP" is embossed on the curved plastic input of the multi port valve to easily identify the correct port).
- 10. There are two remaining connections to the valve one is connected to the pool (marked "TO POOL") the other connects to the drain outlet hose, which is also easily identified with the sight glass.

INSTALLATION NOTES

- 1. Ensure the filter is working correctly under normal working pressure (between 15 and 20 psi).
- 2. If the pump is positioned higher than the water level, it will be necessary to install a back water control valve or check valve.
- 3. If the pump is positioned lower than the water level, it will be necessary to install an isolation valve or double union ball valve.
- 4. Avoid excessive bending of adaptors and hoses which will cause reduction in water flow.
- 5. Do not over tighten fittings or adaptors.

INSTRUCTIONS ON USE:

- 1. Ensure the pump is turned OFF
- 2. Inspect and ensure that all connections are correct and secure.
- 3. Depress top mount valve handle and rotate to **BACKWASH** position.
- 4. Prime and start pump according to pump instructions.

NOTE: ALL SUCTION AND DISCHARGE VALVES MUST BE OPENED WHEN STARTING UP THE SYSTEM. FAILURE TO DO SO COULD CAUSE SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY.
ENSURE THE PUMP STRAINER BASKET IS FULL OF WATER BEFORE STARTING THE PUMP.
FAILURE TO DO SO WILL CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE PUMP AND INVALIDATE YOUR WARRANTY.

- 5. Once the water flow is steady from the waste line, run the pump for 2 minutes. This initial backwash of the filter is recommended to remove any possible impurities and fine sand particles evident in the filter media.
- 6. Turn pump **OFF** and set valve to **RINSE** position. Turn pump **ON** and run until the water in sight glass is clear about ½ to 1 minute. Turn pump **OFF**, set valve to **FILTER** position and restart pump. Your filter is now operating in the normal filter mode, filtering particles from the pool water, and returning fresh clean water back into your pool.

NOTES:

- 1. Make a note of the initial pressure gauge reading when the filter is clean (It will vary from pool to pool depending upon the pump and general piping system). As the filter removes dirt and impurities from the pool water, the accumulation in the filter will cause the pressure to rise and the flow to diminish. When the pressure gauge reading is 4 6 PSI higher than the initial "clean" pressure you noted, it is time to backwash (clean) the filter.
- 2. IMPORTANT: To prevent unnecessary strain on the piping system and valves, **ALWAYS** shut **OFF** the pump before switching filter control valve positions.
- 3. To prevent damage to the pump and filter and for proper operation of the system, clean the pump strainer and skimmer baskets regularly.

SAND FILL GUIDE:

UKPS16 – 16" Diameter Sand Filter & 0.5hp Pump requires 45kg of 16/30 filter media. UKPS19 – 19" Diameter Sand Filter & 0.75hp Pump requires 75kg of 16/30 filter media.

UKPS24 – 24" Diameter Sand Filter & 1.0hp Pump requires 136kg of 16/30 filter media.

FILTER CONTROL VALVE FUNCTIONS

Filter-

FILTER – Set valve to FILTER for normal filtering. Also use for regular vacuuming.

Backwash-

BACKWASH – For cleaning filter sand. When filter pressure gauge rises 4-6 PSI above start-up (clean pressure): Stop the pump, set valve to BACKWASH. Start pump and backwash until water in sight glass is clear. Approximately 2 minutes or less depending on dirt accumulation. Proceed to RINSE.

RINSE – After backwashing, and with pump **OFF**, set valve to RINSE. Start pump and operate for about ½ to 1 minute. This ensures that all dirty water from backwashing is rinsed out of the filter to waste, preventing possible return to the pool. Stop pump, set valve to FILTER and start pump for normal filtering.

Waste-

WASTE – To bypass the sand filter for draining or lowering water level and for vacuuming heavy debris or very fine dusty particles directly to waste.

Re-circulate-

RE-CIRCULATE: Water is re-circulated through the pool system, bypassing the sand filter.

Closed-

CLOSED – Shuts off flow from pump to filter.



COMBINATION PUMPS

GENERAL SAFETY RULES

- 1. The products mentioned in this manual are specially designed for the pre-filtering and recirculation of water in swimming pools and spas.
- 2. They are designed to work with clean water at a temperature not exceeding 40°C.
- 3. The installation should be carried out in accordance with the safety instructions of swimming pools.
- 4. During operation, some parts of the pump are subject to dangerous electric voltage. Work may only be performed on each pump or on the equipment connected to it after disconnecting them from the main power and after disconnecting the starting device.
- 5. The user should ensure that assembly and maintenance tasks are carried out by qualified authorised persons and that these persons have first carefully read the instructions for service and installation.
- 6. The operating safety of the pump is only guaranteed if the installation and service instructions are correctly followed.
- 7. The limit values stated in the technical table should not be exceeded under any condition.
- 8. In the event of defective operation or fault, contact the technical support department of the manufacturer or their nearest authorised agents.
- 9. If the supply cord is damaged, to avoid hazard, it must be replaced by the manufacturer or its service agent or a similarly qualified person.
- 10. The pump must be supplied through a residual current device (RCD) having a rated residual operating current not exceeding 30mA.
- 11. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.
- 12. The pump must be protected from running dry.

LOCATION

The pump must be located as close as is practical to the pool. The pump must also be in a position that enables easy access for periodic servicing.

Care must also be taken to position the pump in an area that is free from flooding and in a well ventilated and dry area.

INSTALLATION

We have adopted the latest technology when designing and manufacturing our pumps, a few simple precautions during installation will ensure years of trouble free operation.

- 1. The pump suction line should not be smaller than $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (40mm imperial) or 50mm true metric.
- 2. The suction line should have as few bends or elbows as possible. There must not be any air traps on the suction line.
- 3. Installation should be arranged on a solid, flat foundation with the pump bolted securely to it.
- 4. The pumps electrical cable must be wired for the proper voltage and current in accordance with the wiring instructions.
- 5. All wiring (electrical) work must be carried out by licensed electricians and must be installed in accordance to the local codes.
- 6. The motor must be earthed.
- 7. The weight of the plumbing and fittings should be supported and not carried by the pump.

- 8. The maximum total head (Hmax) of the pump (in metres) shown on the pump label should be noted by the installer.
- 9. The permissible temperature is $+ 0^{\circ}$ C and 40° C. The pump should never be operated outside of these temperatures, to do so could cause damage.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

Check that the information on the nameplate corresponds to the power supply.

Employ a competent electrician to ensure wiring installation is made in accordance with any local electrical codes. Every motor requires either a fused disconnect switch or a circuit breaker.

A SINGLE PHASE MOTOR has a built in thermal overload switch.

PUMP WATER PRIMING

The pump will prime and re-prime providing the pump basket area is full of water and there is sufficient supply from the suction point. If you lose water from the pump basket area it will be necessary to re-fill it before starting.

- 1. Remove the translucent lid and fill the pump basket with water.
- 2. Replace the lid ensuring that the O ring is correctly located and start the pump. After you have done this allow a few minutes (maximum) running for the pump to re-prime. If this fails then simply repeat the priming procedure.

WARNING:

Mechanical seals will be rapidly damaged and may need replacing if the pump is run dry – this is not a warranty condition.

ENSURE that there is always adequate water in the pump basket before you start up. If you are unable to prime the pump, please see the trouble shooting guide. ENSURE that all suction and discharge valves are open before you start the pump, avoiding resultant damage to the pump.

MAINTENANCE

The strainer basket in the pump should be inspected and cleaned at regular intervals.

- 1. Remove lid and lift out basket.
- 2. Remove debris and hose off with clean water if necessary.
- 3. Inspect the lid gasket, lubricate with SILICON based grease such a magic lube, only if needed.
- 4. Replace the strainer.
- 5. Re-prime the pump basket area.
- 6. Correctly locate the O-ring.
- 7. Replace the lid (hand tighten only).
- 8. Switch on the pump.

In climates where the pump may be exposed to frost or freezing, care must be taken to ensure the pump is protected from frost damage.

It is recommended that if the pump is not used during winter periods it should be drained completely and stored in a dry location. Do not replace the drain plug but store it in a safe place when not in use; for example, the pump basket.

When you re-activate the pump, ensure all seals and O rings are in operational condition, regrease if necessary and replace if unsure of condition.

Check that the motor shaft moves freely before re-activation.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

<u>SYMPTOMS</u>	PROBABLE CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
Pump will not prime	Suction air leak	Make sure water level is correct through suction points. Ensure baskets and strainers are debris free Tighten all fittings/unions on the Suction side of the pump, remove and replace mechanical seal.
	No water in the pump	Make sure the filter tank is full.
	Closed valves or blocked lines.	Open all valves in system, clean skimmer and pump basket, check pump impeller for blockage.
Motor will not run	No power to motor	Check that all electrical switches are on. Ensure the circuit breakers are properly set. Check if timer is properly set. Check motor wiring at the terminals.
	Pump jammed.	With power switched off turn pump shaft (should spin freely).
Low Flow	Dirty Filter	Backwash or clean cartridge.
	Dirty skimmer and pump Strainer	Clean skimmer and pump strainer.
Motor runs hot	Low or incorrect voltage	Supply to be corrected by electrician. Motor running too hot to touch is normal. Thermal overload protector will function to turn them off if there is an overload or an excessively high temperature problem.
	Installed in direct sunlight	Shield from weather.
	Poor ventilation	Do not tightly cover or enclose motor.

Noisy Pump Operation Bad bearing Replace by electrician.

Air leak in suction See 1

Suction blockage Locate and clear blockage

Disturbance in impeller Contact Supplier

Cavitations Improve suction, reduce suction

lift, reduce number of fittings, increase pipe size, increase

discharge pressure and reduce flow

By throttling discharge valve.

Motor overload cuts Motor not connected Have electrician check wiring.

properly

Low income voltage Voltage at motors should be no

more than 6% above or below nameplate voltage. Have electrician check voltage, ensure pump is not running on an extension cord. Report low supply to authorities.

Overload due to binding Contact Supplier

in pump or wrong size impeller

WARNING

If the pump is within the stated warranty period and you experience faults, always contact your supplier. Failure to do this may void warranty. Refer to warranty documentation supplied with the pump. All electrical work is carried out by a Qualified Electrician; under no circumstances should you attempt repairs on the electrical components of pumps unless you are qualified to do so.

